





# **The Human Rights Tribunal**

Office hours: 9 A.M. - 8:30 P.M. Monday – Friday Email: violations@humanrightstribunal.international Website: http://humanrightstribunal.international/CASE # 1321DB2A-3BF9-4052-8B68-04BB36C81ABC

## **Petition**

Comes now, Steven Michael Meyer, (hereinafter "tort claimant") to petition the Humans Rights Tribunal organized under Article 8, to issue a judgment and order of Human Rights Violations committed against the Universal Declaration of Human Rights agreed upon the 10<sup>th</sup> of December, 1948, and

Meyer: Sown-Michael

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Owen Robert Boyle, (hereinafter "Clerk") hereby verify that the signature of the petitioner and tort claimant are the same individual and to the best of the Clerks knowledge and belief that the signature is authentic,









# **The Human Rights Tribunal**

Office hours: 9 A.M. - 8:30 P.M. Monday – Friday Email: violations@humanrightstribunal.international Website: http://humanrightstribunal.international/CASE # 1321DB2A-3BF9-4052-8B68-04BB36C81ABC

## **JUDGMENT**

Comes now, a Judgment and Order by the Human Rights Tribunal,

**WHEREAS**, the tort claimant has claimed within the evidence submitted to this tribunal that Wells Fargo (hereinafter tortfeasor) that the claim on the property is a false claim by the tortfeasor, and

**WHEREAS**, the tortfeasor is determined to be Wells Fargo, Northern Trust Corporation, and the beneficiaries, being the citizens of the United States, and

**WHEREAS,** in accordance with the evidence that the promissory note was deposited into an account of the original bank, in the name of the original bank, placed on the bank ledger as an asset, (not a debit) and a check was thereby written in the amount of the promissory note and handed to the seller by the original bank, and

WHEREAS, upon further investigation by the Human Rights Committee, that the tortfeasor is not only Wells Fargo, but the effectively connected income derived from the promissory note has been connected to citizens of the United States through the Northern Trust Corporation thereby violating the promissory note contract that the tort claimant had with the original bank by claiming interest thereby enjoying unjust enrichment, and

**WHEREAS,** the tortfeasors, through their trustees are publicly signing agreements, and privately violating them, to grab more property and interest for the beneficiaries, the citizens of the United States, and

 $\bigcirc$ 

 $(\circ)$ 

**WHEREAS**, the efforts of the tortfeasors to maliciously cloud a title, commit a fraud before the court through its trustees and agents, making false and misleading statements, and tarnish the reputation of the tort claimant by implementing a forced eviction, are in violation of:

Article 25 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights:

(1) Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.

And,

Article 17 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

- (1) Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.
- (2) No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his property.

And,

What is the Human Right to Freedom from Forced Eviction?

The practice of forced eviction -- the involuntary removal of persons, families and groups from their homes and communities -- exacerbates global problems of inadequate housing and homelessness. Forced evictions are human rights violations! Reinforcing the right to housing and freedom from forced evictions are universal human rights standards defined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, CEDAW, the International Covenants and other widely adhered to international human rights treaties and Declarations -- powerful tools that must be put to use in realizing the human right to freedom from forced evictions!

5: -- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, Article 11

"Everyone shall have the right to freedom of association .... All persons are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to the equal protection of the law...."

### Source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International\_Covenant\_on\_Economic,\_Social\_and\_Cultural\_Right s#Signed\_but\_not\_ratified

Intellectual Property Copyright of the tort claimant © 2014 HRT-08202014-Page **3** of **7** 

 $\bigcirc$ 

States not members of the Covenant

The majority of states in the world are parties to the ICESCR. As of June 2012 the following 33 states have either not yet signed the convention, or have signed but have not yet ratified the convention. [69]

Signed but not ratified

Belize (2000-09-06)

Comoros (2008-09-25)

Cuba (2008-02-28)

Palau (2011-09-20)

São Tomé and Príncipe (1995-10-31)

South Africa (1994-10-03)

United States of America (1977-10-05)

Simple signature (signature subject to ratification) is permitted for most multilateral treaties for a specified period of time, though some multilateral treaties remain open for signature indefinitely. By signature, the State has not expressed its consent to be bound by the treaty, which does not occur until the State ratifies, accepts or approves the treaty. Signature does mean that a State is obliged, in good faith, to refrain from acts that would defeat the object and purpose of the treaty (articles 18 of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969).

## **JUDGMENT**

#### **NOW THEREFORE:**

**BE IT JUDGED,** that the tort claimants claim that the property is free and clear of all encumbrances is correct, and

Affirmed and Acknowledged by the Human Rights Tribunal on this day, August 20, 2014:







April Jo Hayes



Samuel German Valencia



Moses Brian Moss

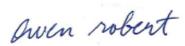
Intellectual Property Copyright of the tort claimant © 2014 HRT-08202014-Page **4** of **7** 

 $(\circ)$ 

DISCLAIMER: Article 20 – (1) Everyone has the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association. (2) No one may be compelled to belong to an association. END OF DISCLAIMER

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Owen Robert Boyle, (hereinafter "Clerk") hereby verify that the signatures of all four International Notaries on this judgment, to the best of the Clerks knowledge and belief are authentic,











# **The Human Rights Tribunal**

Office hours: 9 A.M. - 8:30 P.M. Monday – Friday Email: <a href="mailto:violations@humanrightstribunal.international">violations@humanrightstribunal.international</a> Website: <a href="http://humanrightstribunal.international/">http://humanrightstribunal.international/</a> CASE # 1321DB2A-3BF9-4052-8B68-04BB36C81ABC

## **ORDER**

**BE IT ORDERED**, all claims to the property are to be released and any purported purchase agreement is hereby canceled with no further obligation to the tort claimant in accordance with the promissory note agreement implemented by the original bank. All liens, levies and claims, and any other instrument that cloud the title deed are to be removed by underwriter standards, and

**BE IT ORDERED**, the tortfeasors cease and desist all contact with the tort claimant, and tort claimants property in accordance with Article 25 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and *International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights*, Article 11: "Everyone shall have the right to freedom of association .... All persons are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to the equal protection of the law...." in accordance with the trustees signature of the trustees of the citizens of the United States, and

**BE IT ORDERED**, the tortfeasors cease and desist attempting to make another family homeless and add or contribute to the global problem of homelessness, and

**BE IT ORDERED**, that the citizens of the United States and their trustees abide by their agreements and cease and desist using the fact that the trustees for the citizens of the United States hold Members of the Bar Association retirement accounts over the account holders head and drive them as slaves to do the bidding of the beneficiaries in violation of Article 22 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and

Intellectual Property Copyright of the tort claimant © 2014 HRT-08202014-Page **6** of **7** 





Source: "effective July 1, 2010, The Northern Trust Company ("Northern Trust") was substituted for State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street Bank") as trustee of the American Bar Association Members Retirement Trust and the American Bar Association Members Pooled Trust for Retirement Plans (collectively, the "ABA Members Trusts"). From and after the date of the substitution, Northern Trust has exclusive discretion and control over the assets of the ABA Members Trusts."

# **ORDER**

Affirmed and Acknowledged by the Human Rights Tribunal on this day, August 20, 2014:



**John Harold Fulks** 



**April Jo Hayes** 



Samuel German Valencia

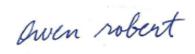


**Moses Brian Moss** 

DISCLAIMER: Article 20 – (1) Everyone has the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association. (2) No one may be compelled to belong to an association. END OF DISCLAIMER

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Owen Robert Boyle, (hereinafter "Clerk") hereby verify that the signatures of all four International Notaries on this order, to the best of the Clerks knowledge and belief are authentic,





Intellectual Property Copyright of the tort claimant © 2014 HRT-08202014-Page **7** of **7**